



Segmented Mirror Development

Segmented Mirrors for Constellation-X Status and Plans for FY 2000

R. Petre
X-Ray Astrophysics Branch (Code 662)
NASA / GSFC

The Constellation Segmented Mirror Team:

GSFC X-ray Branch (P. Serlemitsos, W. Zhang, Y. Soong, K.-W. Chan)
GSFC Optics Branch (D. Content, T. Saha, J. Lyons)
GSFC Mechanical Engineering Branch (R. Farley, M. Fenske)
GSFC Mission Integration & Planning Division (J. Hein)
MIT CSR (M. Schattenburg, G. Monelly, C. Chen, O. Mongrard)
RJH Scientific (R. Harms)
SAO HEAD (L. Cohen, H Bergner)

January 21, 2000



Segmented Mirrors for Constellation-X

Goals for remainder of FY 2000

- * Demonstrate geometry-limited resolution for conical reflector pair
 - * Replicate reflectors using glass substrates and ROSI mandrels
 - * X-ray performance test to determine blur contribution of substrate
- * Replicate axially curved surfaces (6 cm mandrel)
 - * Demonstrate applicability of approach to Wolter geometry
- * Demonstrate performance of Si microcombs in breadboard fixture
 - * Allow more accurate determination of alignment error term
 - * Facilitate design of prototype housing
- * Production and replication of 0.5 m segments
 - * Produce large glass segments
 - * Use formed Be to demonstrate feasibility of replication



Segmented Mirror Development

Keys to meeting 15" angular resolution goal

- * Mandrels - microscopically smooth, with accurate figure
- * Substrate - free standing reflectors with high fidelity to optical design
- * Housings - accurately align reflectors introducing minimal distortion

Research supplemented by development of metrology and analysis tools



Segmented Mirror Development

Mandrels

- * Need for accurately figured Wolter mandrels is common to segmented and shell approaches (but segmented approach does not require full shells)
- * MSFC Ni/Al mandrel (0.2 m)
 - demonstrated GSFC can accurately replicate foils from metal mandrel
 - best global figure ever produced on a foil reflector (<12")
 - repolishing has yielded $\sim 3 \text{ \AA}$ microroughness (twice); will be passivated at GSFC
- * Series of 0.2 m Ni/Al mandrels being produced by GSFC Optics Branch
 - cylinder, conical secondary, paraboloid, hyperboloid
 - in house diamond turning, polishing capability should facilitate rapid turnaround
- * Axially curved (Wolter I) 6 cm mandrel
 - to be used for first replication of curved surface (50 \AA microroughness)
 - delivered from MSFC on 1/20/00; forming mandrel in house
- * Two 0.2 m quartz mandrels (still) on order from ROSI
- * 50 cm mandrels available at MSFC for replication



Segmented Mirror Development

Substrates

- * Thermally formed glass has become our baseline
 - Replication facilitates ability to sacrifice microsurface for 2D figure
 - Forming over convex mandrel
 - Forming process continually being improved; edge effects minimized
 - Have developed accurate ($<25\mu\text{m}$) edge cutting process
 - Get very accurate substrates - $<7''$ figure errors

- * Have established formed Be as viable backup
 - 30 degree P/H pair (50 cm dia) has been delivered and awaits replication; 2nd pair on order
 - Surface accurate to within $\sim 25\mu\text{m}$

- * Work continues on metallic substrates
 - 300 μm Al alloy shows much better performance than 200 μm ASTRO-E material



Segmented Mirror Development

Housings/Alignment

- * Structure and assembly concept and analysis continue at SAO
 - Flight units contain no precision structures
 - Precision alignment depends exclusively upon Si microcombs
- * Significant progress in establishing Si alignment bar production process
 - Alignment bar production process nearly mature
 - Metrology of prototype alignment bars yields accuracy of $\approx 2.5 \mu\text{m}$
- * Si alignment bar test housing nearly complete
 - Will allow measurement of alignment accuracy
 - Will allow comparison of Si bar mechanical properties with expectations



Segmented Mirror Development

Infrastructure/Metrology

- * Developing in-house capability for producing small Al/Ni mandrels
 - Relies on Optics Branch diamond turning lathe
 - Computer controlled polishing being set up
 - Hand polishing has yielded $\sim 3\text{\AA}$ rms surfaces (MSFC mandrel)
 - Have set up facility to perform Ni surface passivation (using MSFC recipe)
- * Full suite of metrological tools and techniques being developed
 - Surface PSD and figure measurement using Bauer and WYKO
 - Global figure measurement using computer generated holograms
- * Full suite of analysis software
 - Utilizes OSAC plus specially written software



Segmented Mirrors for Constellation-X

Issues / Concerns

- * Mandrels
 - * Raytheon mandrels are more than one year late; may not arrive until June
 - * Currently do not have mandrel pair (cones or Wolter)
 - * Group of mandrels for multiple reflector prototype will be costly (and long lead)
- * Housings
 - * Accurate adjustable mount for testing reflector pairs not yet available
 - * Progress toward demonstration of Si-based alignment scheme has been slower than hoped
- * ≈ 0.5 m segment fabrication
 - * Long lead, high priced items necessary for production (e.g., \$100k oven)
 - * Logistical issues associated with attempting replication (at MSFC or GSFC)